Michigan Deptartment of Treasury 496 (2-04) Auditing Procedures Report

Issued unde	er P.A. 2 of 19	68, a			s Repo 				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Local Gove	emment Type	nship	Vil	llage	Other	City of Sw		k			_{inty} enesee	
Audit Date 6/30/05				0 pinion D 19/1/05			Date Accoun	tant Report Submit	ted to State:			
accordan	ce with th Statemen	e S	tatement	ts of t	the Govern	mental Accou	unting Stand		GASB) and tl	he <i>Unifor</i> i	m Repo	ents prepared i
		lied v	with the I	Bulletii	n for the Au	ıdits of Local U	Units of Gov	ernment in Mic	higan as revis	ed.		
2. We a	re certified	d pub	olic accou	untant	s registered	d to practice in	n Michigan.					
	er affirm the s and reco		_		esponses h	ave been disc	closed in the	financial state	ments, includi	ng the not	es, or in	the report of
You must	check the	appl	licable bo	ox for	each item b	elow.						
Yes	√ No	1.	Certain	compo	onent units/	funds/agencie	es of the loc	al unit are excl	uded from the	financial	stateme	nts.
Yes	✓ No	2.	There a 275 of 1		cumulated (deficits in one	e or more of	f this unit's uni	reserved fund	balances	/retained	l earnings (P.A
Yes	✓ No	3.	There a		stances of	non-compliand	ce with the	Uniform Acco	unting and Bu	udgeting /	Act (P.A	. 2 of 1968, a
Yes	√ No	4.	 The local unit has violated the conditions of either an order issued under the Municipal Finance Act or its requirements, or an order issued under the Emergency Municipal Loan Act. 									
Yes	√ No	5.	The local unit holds deposits/investments which do not comply with statutory requirements. (P.A. 20 of 1943, as amended [MCL 129.91], or P.A. 55 of 1982, as amended [MCL 38.1132]).									
Yes	✓ No	6.	The loca	al unit	has been d	lelinquent in d	listributing ta	x revenues tha	at were collect	ed for and	ther tax	ing unit.
Yes	√ No	7.	pension	bene	fits (norma	costs) in the	current yea		s more than 1	00% func	led and	ent year earne the overfundin).
Yes	√ No	8.	The loc			dit cards and	has not ad	opted an appl	icable policy a	as require	d by P.	A. 266 of 199
Yes	✓ No	9.	The loca	al unit	has not add	opted an inves	stment polic	y as required b	y P.A. 196 of	1997 (MC	L 129.95	i).
We have	enclosed	the	followin	ng:					Enclosed	To Forwa		Not Required
The lette	r of comm	ents	and reco	ommer	ndations.				√			
Reports	on individu	al fe	deral fina	ancial	assistance	programs (pro	ogram audit	s).				√
Single A	udit Report	ls (A	SLGU).									✓
	ublic Account)	A 3 T V. A							
Street Add	ress st Court	Stre	et, Sui	te 1A	,)		City Flint		State MI	ZIP 485	02
Accountan	Signature		and	Xa		Mus				Date /2	1161	05

Annual Financial Statements

City of Swartz Creek Genesee County, Michigan

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

with Independent Auditors' Report

City of Swartz Creek, Michigan Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

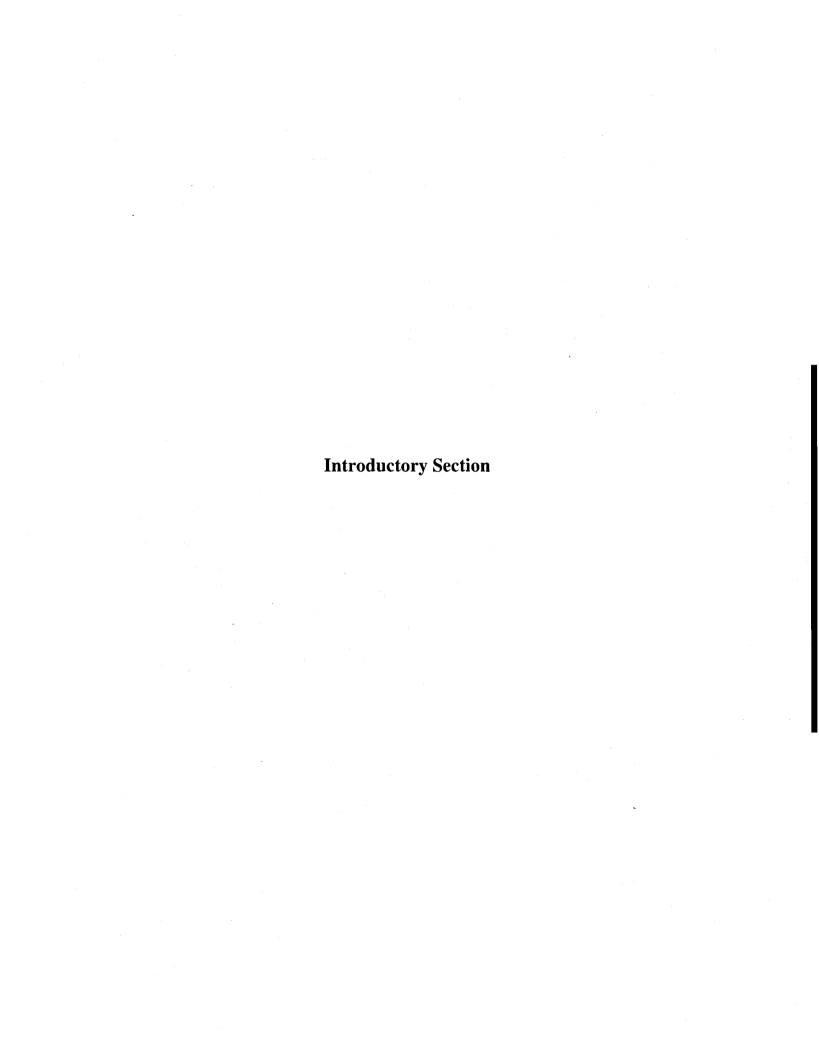
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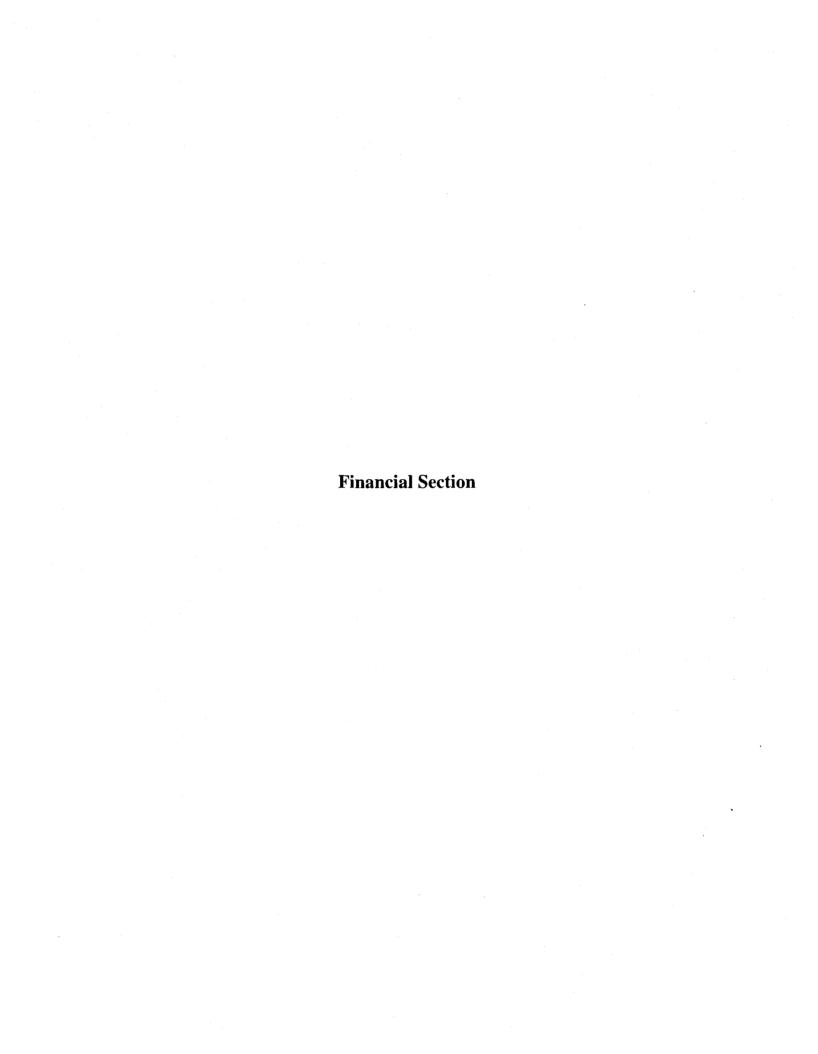
City of Swartz Creek, Michigan List of Elected and Appointed Officials

City Council

Richard Abrams
Jason Christie
Mayor Pro-Tem
Donald Adams
Councilperson
C. David Hurt
Councilperson
David Plumb
Curtis Porath
Michael Shumaker
Mayor
Councilperson
Councilperson
Councilperson
Councilperson
Councilperson

Other Officers and Officials

Paul Bueche
Mary Jo Clark
City Clerk/Finance Director
Tom Svrcek
Director of Public Services
Rick Clolinger
Police Chief
Tom O'Brien
Deanna Korth
Deputy Treasurer/Deputy City Clerk
Juanita Aguilar
City Manager
City Manager
City Manager
Director
Director
Director of Public Services
Police Chief
Tom O'Brien
Treasurer





111 E. Court St. Flint, MI 48502 Tel: 810.767.5350 Fax: 810.767.8150 plantemoran.com



Independent Auditors' Report

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Swartz Creek Swartz Creek, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Swartz Creek, Michigan as of June 30, 2005, and for the year then ended, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these basic financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall basic financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph, present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Swartz Creek, Michigan at June 30, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position and the cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 10 and the information in the required supplemental information section on pages 41 through 44 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.



Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements. The introductory section and the other supplemental information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The other supplemental information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

September 1, 2005

lante & Moran PLLC



City of Swartz Creek Management's Discussion and Analysis

Our discussion and analysis of the City of Swartz Creek's financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. Please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements.

Financial Highlights

As discussed in further detail in this discussion and analysis, the following represents the most significant financial highlights for the year ended June 30, 2005:

- State-shared revenue, our second largest revenue source, was reduced by the State of Michigan by approximately \$8,000 this year. The City expected this and reduced budgeted appropriations and watched actual revenues and expenses closely, which resulted in a fund balance increase of only \$4,800.
- Total net assets related to the City's governmental activities increased by approximately \$115 thousand. However, the unrestricted portion of net assets decreased by approximately \$55 thousand.

Using this Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The statement of net assets and the statement of activities provide information about the activities of the City of Swartz Creek as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. This longer-term view uses the accrual basis of accounting so that it can measure the cost of providing services during the current year, and whether the taxpayers have funded the full cost of providing government services.

The fund financial statements present a short-term view; they tell us how the taxpayers' resources were spent during the year, as well as how much is available for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City of Swartz Creek's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. The fiduciary fund statements provide financial information about activities for which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

Table 1 - Major Features of the City of Swartz Creek's Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Type of Statements	Government-wide	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire City government (except fiduciary funds) and the City's component unit	The activities of the City that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as police, garbage and streets	Activities the City operates similar to private businesses: the water and sewer system	Instances in which the City is the trustee or agent for someone else's resources. The City has several agency funds.
Required financial statements	 Statement of net assets Statement of activities 	Balance sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances	 Statement of net assets Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets Statement of cash flows 	Statement of fiduciary assets and liabilities
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter, no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term, the City's funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year, expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	No revenues or expenses are recognized in the City's agency funds.

The City of Swartz Creek as a Whole

The following table shows, in a condensed format, the net assets as of the current date and compared to the prior year:

Summary Condensed Statement of Net Assets Governmental A	cement of Net Assets Governmental Activities	s sets tal Activities	Business-type Activities	pe Activities	Tc	Total
	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004
Current assets Noncurrent assets:	\$ 3,422,892.0	\$ 3,311,607.0	\$3,062,214.0	\$2,800,371.0	\$ 3,422,892.0 \$ 3,311,607.0 \$3,062,214.0 \$2,800,371.0 \$ 6,485,106.0 \$ 6,111,978.0	\$ 6,111,978.0
Restricted assets Capital assets	3,939,155.0	3,866,902.0	4,704,534.0	4,825,674.0	8,643,689.0	8,692,576.0
Total assets	7,362,047.0	7,178,509.0	7,766,748.0	7,626,045.0	15,128,795.0	14,804,554.0
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities	176,345.0	86,832.0 996,166.0	166,865.0	189,345.0	343,210.0 1,058,499.0	276,177.0 1,108,720.0
Total liabilities	1,151,264.0	1,082,998.0	250,445.0	301,899.0	1,401,709.0	1,384,897.0
Netassets: Invested in capital assets						
Net of related debt	3,044,155.0	2,921,902.0	4,620,954.0	4,713,120.0	7,665,109.0	7,635,022.0
Restricted Unrestricted	1,782,414.0	1,734,041.0	2,895,349.0	2,611,026.0	1,782,414.0 4,279,566.0	1,734,041.0 4,050,594.0
Total net assets	\$ 6,210,786.0	\$ 6,095,511.0	\$7,516,303.0	\$7,324,146.0	\$13,727,089.0	\$13,419,657.0

The City of Swartz Creek's combined net assets increased 2.3 percent from a year ago - increasing from \$13.4 million to \$13.7 million. In contrast, last year's net assets increased by only 1.5 percent. As we look at the governmental activities separately from the business-type activities, we can see that governmental net assets increased by 1.92% while business-type net assets increased by 2.65%.

Unrestricted net assets (the part of net assets that can be used to finance day-to-day operations) decreased by \$55,000 for the governmental activities. This represents a decrease of approximately 3.8 percent. The current level of unrestricted net assets for our governmental activities stands at \$1.38 million, or about 51.3 percent of expenditures.

The following table shows the changes in net assets as of June 30, 2005 compared to the prior year:

Summary Condensed Income Statement:

Sufficiently Condensed income Statement.	Governmental Activities	tal Activities	Business-type Activities	be Activities	Total	ㅁ
	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004
Revenue						
Program revenue:						
Charges for services	\$ 308,814.0	\$ 280,138.0	\$ 1,799,446.0	\$ 1,646,738.0	\$ 2,108,260.0	\$ 1,926,876.0
Operating grants and contributions	363,009.0	367,513.0	•	•	363,009.0	367,513.0
Capital grants and contributions		754,978.0	68,040.0	28,555.0	68,040.0	783,533.0
General revenue:						
Property taxes	1,323,390.0	1,235,343.0	2,520.0	•	1,325,910.0	1,235,343.0
State-shared revenue	470,226.0	478,446.0	•	•	470,226.0	478,446.0
Interest	77,980.0	45,658.0	53,751.0	26,083.0	131,731.0	71,741.0
Cable fees and other	209,962.0	251,841.0	-	-	209,962.0	251,841.0
Total revenue	2,753,381.0	3,413,917.0	1,923,757.0	1,701,376.0	4,677,138.0	5,115,293.0
Program Expenses						
Legislative	27,113.0	45,574.0	•	•	27,113.0	45,574.0
General government	624,005.0	782,723.0	•	•	624,005.0	782,723.0
Public safety	1,170,848.0	988,273.0	•	•	1,170,848.0	988,273.0
Public works	709,396.0	1,290,737.0	•	•	709,396.0	1,290,737.0
Recreation and cultural	117,035.0	156,066.0	•		117,035.0	156,066.0
Interest on long-term debt	47,693.0	55,999.0	5,048.0	•	52,741.0	55,999.0
Water			943,884.0	869,705.0	943,884.0	869,705.0
Sewer	1	•	724,686.0	721,699.0	724,686.0	721,699.0
Total program expenses	2,696,090.0	3,319,372.0	1,673,618.0	1,591,404.0	4,369,708.0	4,910,776.0
General Expenses Transfers In (Out)	57,981.0	13,799.0	(57,981.0)	(13,799.0)	•	
Change in Net Assets	115,272.0	108,344.0	192,158.0	96,173.0	307,430.0	204,517.0
Net Assets - Beginning of year (Restated)	6,095,511.0	5,987,167.0	7,324,146.0	7,227,973.0	13,419,657.0	13,215,140.0
Net As sets - End of year	\$6,210,783.0	\$6,095,511.0	\$ 7,516,304.0	\$ 7,324,146.0	\$ 13,727,087.0	\$13,419,657.0
•		-				

Governmental Activities

The City of Swartz Creek's total governmental revenues decreased by approximately \$660,000, because of decreases in state-shared revenue and no federal or state funded street grants obtained during the fiscal year. This decrease, which represents 19.3 percent of revenue, was partially offset by the continuing increase in property taxes due to new construction and uncapping.

Expenses decreased by about \$623 thousand during the year. Increases were led by increases in health care costs and property insurance rates and contractual wages. To offset this, the City closely monitored its spending in all other areas, including seasonal hiring and held off starting any new road projects.

Business-type Activities

The City of Swartz Creek's business-type activities consist of the Water and Sewer Fund. We provide water to residents from the Genesee County Water System. We provide sewage treatment through a sewage treatment plant operated by Genesee County Water and Waste. In 2005, the City raised the sewer rates for the first time in 10 years after absorbing any rate increases from Genesee County. Water rates were raised by the City in November, 2003 for the second time in 10 years. These combined two factors resulted in an operating income, compared to operating losses in each of the last five years.

The City of Swartz Creek Funds

The fund financial statements provide detail information about the most significant funds, not the City of Swartz Creek as a whole. The City Council creates funds to help manage money for specific purposes as well as to show accountability for certain activities, such as special property tax millages. The City's major funds for 2005 include the General Fund, the Major and Local Street Funds, the Garbage Collection Fund and others.

The General Fund pays for most of the City of Swartz Creek's governmental services. The most significant are police and city offices, which incurred expenses of approximately \$ 1.68 million in 2005.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the City of Swartz Creek amended the budget to take into account events during the year. The most significant change was to decrease the estimated licenses and permits revenue by \$ 9,218. This was a result of the City not instituting the budgeted increase in fees. Since it is the City's policy to budget revenues a little shy of expected revenues, the actual revenues exceeded budgeted revenues by \$ 146,000. The City's departments overall stayed below budget, resulting in total expenditures \$16,602 below budget. This allowed the General Fund's fund balance to increase from \$ 1.149 million a year ago to \$ 1.154 million at June 30, 2005.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

At the end of 2005, the City of Swartz Creek had \$ 7.665 million invested in a broad range of capital assets, including buildings, police and fire equipment, roads and water and sewer lines. At this time the only long term debt service the City has is Building Authority Bonds for the construction of City Hall (Finished in 2001) and the City's portion of Water Supply System Bonds (Debt to expire in 2008). In Fiscal 2006, the City anticipates a commitment for the City's portion of Sanitary Sewer Western Trunk Expansion.

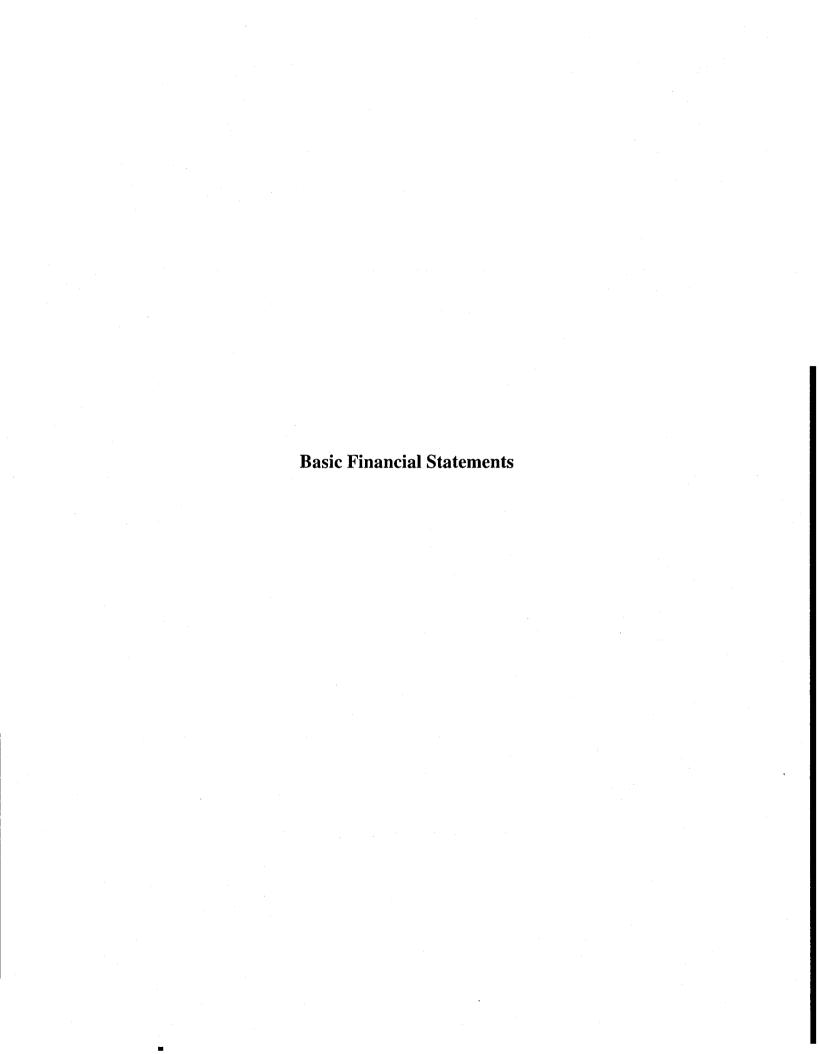
Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The City of Swartz Creek's budget for next year calls for a watchful eye on the State's budget cuts. If any further cuts are made in State Revenue Sharing or in ACT 51 monies, the City may have to consider cutting services. These revenues have become more important because of the impact of Proposal A, therefore, the City needs to continue to watch its budget very closely. The state-wide Tax Reform Act limits growth in taxable value on any individual property to the lesser of inflation or 5 percent. Because some properties increase in value by less than inflation, the mathematical result of this is that the total taxable value for the City of Swartz Creek will grow less than by inflation, before considering new property additions.

If Genesee County raises the water or sewer rates to the City, the City will be forced to pass the increases along to its customers. The maintenance on these aged lines is costly and the City no longer has more than enough unrestricted net assets to cover the costs of replacing the lines.

Contacting the City of Swartz Creek Management

This financial report is intended to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors with a general overview of the City of Swartz Creek's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, we welcome you to contact the Clerk's office at 8083 Civic Drive, Swartz Creek, MI 48473.



Government-wide Financial Statements

City of Swartz Creek Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2005

	Primary Government					Component Unit Senior		
	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	Citizens Authority		
Assets								
Cash and equivalents	\$	2,359,723	\$	1,986,939	\$ 4,346,662	\$	47,968	
Investments		762,913		610,790	1,373,703		178,139	
Accounts receivable		35,336		453,760	489,096		150	
Due from other governments		236,611		-	236,611		5,172	
Inventory		6,066		10,725	16,791		-	
Prepaid items		22,246		-	22,246		18,581	
Capital assets - not depreciated Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		1,364,467		-	1,364,467		-	
		2 574 699		4 704 524	7 270 222		16.063	
		2,574,688		4,704,534	7,279,222		16,962	
Total assets		7,362,050	7,766,748		15,128,798	266,972		
Liabilities								
Accounts payable		92,593		164,175	256 760		604	
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities		92,393 82,086		2,690	256,768 84,776		2,476	
Deferred revenue		82,080		2,090	-		18,227	
Due to other governments		1,666		_	1,666		10,227	
Noncurrent liabilities:		1,000			1,000			
Due within one year		33,000		28,417	61,417		_	
Due in more than one year		941,919		55,163	997,082		-	
Total liabilities		1,151,264		250,445	1,401,709		21,307	
Net assets								
Invested in capital assets, net of								
related debt		3,044,155		4,620,954	7,665,109		16,962	
Restricted for:								
Streets		1,137,020		-	1,137,020		-	
Garbage collection		529,452		-	529,452		-	
Public safety		100,360		-	100,360			
Debt Service		12,510		-	12,510		-	
Capital improvements		3,072		-	3,072		178,139	
Unrestricted		1,384,217		2,895,349	4,279,566		50,564	
Total net assets	\$	6,210,786	\$	7,516,303	\$13,727,089	\$	245,665	

City of Swartz Creek Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

			Program Revenues					
Functions\Programs]	Expenses	C	harges for Services	\mathbf{G}	perating rants and ntributions	Gr	Capital ants and tributions
Primary government Governmental activities: Legislative General government Public safety Public works Recreation and cultural Interest on long-term debt	\$	27,113 624,005 1,170,848 709,396 117,035 47,689	\$	104,885 165,077 13,818 8,395	\$	363,009	\$	- - - - -
Total governmental activities		2,696,086		292,175		363,009		_
Business-type activities: Water Sewer		948,932 724,686		1,062,483 736,963		-		14,040 54,000
Total business-type activities		1,673,618		1,799,446		_		68,040
Total primary government	_\$_	4,369,704	\$	2,091,621	\$	363,009	\$	68,040
Component units: Senior Citizens Authority	\$	189,069	\$	61,487	\$	73,561	\$	

General revenues:

Property taxes

Unrestricted grants and contributions

Unrestricted investment earnings

Unrestricted earnings

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net assets

Net assets - beginning

Net assets - ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

P	Component Unit				
Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Senior Citizens Authority		
\$ (27,113) (519,120) (1,005,771) (332,569) (108,640) (47,689)	\$ - - - - -	\$ (27,113) (519,120) (1,005,771) (332,569) (108,640) (47,689)	\$ - - - - - -		
(2,040,902)	-	(2,040,902)			
-	127,591 66,277	127,591 66,277			
-	193,868	193,868	-		
(2,040,902)	193,868	(1,847,034)	-		
<u>-</u>	-		(54,021)		
1,323,389 470,226 77,980 226,603 57,981	2,520 - 53,751 - (57,981)	1,325,909 470,226 131,731 226,603	97,045 4,582 3,550		
2,156,179	(1,710)	2,154,469	105,177		
115,277	192,158	307,435	51,156		
6,095,509	7,324,145	13,419,654	194,509		
\$ 6,210,786	\$ 7,516,303	\$ 13,727,089	\$ 245,665		



City of Swartz Creek Balance Sheet Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

Assets	General	Major Street	Local Street
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accounts receivable Accounts receivable-Taxes Due from other governmental units Prepaid items	\$ 788,032 288,715 11,712 13,738 151,148 22,246	\$ 763,711 169,986 2,442 - 42,583	\$ 54,723 79,359 1,107 - 29,142
Total assets	\$ 1,275,591	\$ 978,722	\$ 164,331
Liabilities			
Accounts payable Accrued and other liabilities Due to other governmental units	\$ 41,664 78,050 1,666	\$ 3,947 597	\$ 1,092 397
Total liabilities	121,380	4,544	1,489
Fund Balances			
Reserved for prepaid items Unreserved:	22,246	· <u>-</u> ·	-
Designated for subsequent year's expenditures Undesignated , reported in	64,540 1,067,425	388,337	3,337
Special revenue funds Debt service funds Capital project funds	-	585,841 - -	159,505 - -
Total fund balances	1,154,211	974,178	162,842
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,275,591	\$ 978,722	\$ 164,331

	Garbage Collection	Other vernmental Funds		Totals		
\$	365,432 179,832 2,727 - -	\$ 149,800 - 15,844 - -	\$	2,121,698 717,892 33,832 13,738 222,873 22,246		
\$	547,991	\$ 165,644	\$	3,132,279		
,		-		,		
\$	17,405 1,134 	\$ 27,062 - -	\$	91,170 80,178 1,666		
	18,539	27,062		173,014		
	-	-		22,246		
	123,605 - 405,847 -	- 34,788 12,510 91,284		579,819 1,067,425 1,185,981 12,510 91,284		
	529,452	138,582	-	2,959,265		
\$	547,991	\$ 165,644	\$	3,132,279		

City of Swartz Creek Reconciliation of the Fund Balance as Reported in the Governmental Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

Total Governmental Funds Fund balance as reported in the Balance Sheet Governmental Funds	\$	2,959,265
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		3,939,155
Long term liabilities, including long term notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore, are not reported in the funds.		(974,919)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet and equipment management to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund, exclusive of capital assets, are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.		287,285
Net Assets - Governmental Activities	_\$_	6,210,786

City of Swartz Creek Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	General	Major Street	Local Street	
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 979,175	\$ -	\$ -	
Licenses and permits	81,927	-	-	
Intergovernmental:				
Federal	13,958	-	-	
State	473,317	269,080	77,290	
Local	-	•	-	
Charges for services	171,730	•	-	
Fines and forfeits	55,266	-	-	
Interest	35,884	15,890	2,958	
Other	128,195	2,600	16,639	
Total revenues	1,939,452	287,570	96,887	
Expenditures				
Current:				
Legislative	27,113	-	-	
General government	534,487	-		
Public safety	1,067,636	, -	-	
Public works	83,449	219,291	111,675	
Recreation and cultural	128,550	-	-	
Employee benefits	18,968	-		
Capital outlay Debt service:	-	-	-	
Principal payments	_	_	_	
Interest and paying agent fees	-	-	-	
Total expenditures	1,860,203	219,291	111,675	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	79,249	68,279	(14,788)	
Other financing sources (uses)				
Operating transfers in	-	-	25,000	
Operating transfers out	(74,359)	(25,000)	-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(74,359)	(25,000)	25,000	
Net change in fund balances	4,890	43,279	10,212	
Fund balance - beginning of year	1,149,321	930,899	152,630	
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 1,154,211	\$ 974,178	\$ 162,842	

Garbage		Other		
Collection		Governmental <u>Funds</u>		Totals
\$ 344,215	\$	_	\$	1,323,390
-	· ·	-	-	81,927
-		-		13,958
-		-		819,687
-		_		171,730
16				55,282
12,527		4,027		71,286
-		44,552		191,986
356,758		48,579		2,729,246
				27 112
-		-		27,113 534,487
-		75,761		1,143,397
275,443		-		689,858
- ,···-		-		128,550
-		<u>-</u>		18,968
-		118,442		118,442
- .		25,000		25,000
-		47,967		47,967
275,443		267,170		2,733,782
81,315		(218,591)		(4,536)
-		132,359		157,359
-		(19)		(99,378)
-		132,340		57,981
81,315		(86,251)		53,445
448,137		224,833		2,905,820
\$ 529,452	\$	138,582	\$	2,959,265

City of Swartz Creek Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (page 11) are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (page 16)	\$ 53,445
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated	
useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period	9,412
Principal payments on long term debt	25,000
Expenses recorded on the statement of change in net assets for the accrual of compensated absences do not consume current financial resources of the funds and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	(3,754)
The activities of the motor pool internal service fund are considered part of governmental activities on the statement of changes in net assets but are not reported in the governmental funds. The motor pool internal service fund had a new gain of \$31,174 for the year ended June 30, 2005	31,174
Change in net assets	\$ 115,277

City of Swartz Creek Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds June 30, 2005

	Enterp	Funds	Total Enterprise		Governmental Activities Internal Service		
	Water Sewer		_	Funds		Fund	
Assets							
Current assets:			•				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,238,024	\$	748,915	\$	1,986,939	\$	238,026
Investments	352,229		258,561		610,790		45,021
Accounts receivable	258,251		195,509		453,760		1,501
Inventories	10,725		<u>-</u>		10,725		6,066
Total current assets	1,859,229		1,202,985		3,062,214		290,614
Property and equipment - net	2,792,366		1,912,168		4,704,534		339,899
Total assets	\$ 4,651,595	\$	3,115,153	\$	7,766,748	\$	630,513
Liabilities							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$ 77,294	\$	86,881	\$	164,175	\$	3,088
Accrued and other liabilities	1,365		1,325		2,690		241
Current portion of long-term debt	28,417		-		28,417		-
Total current liabilities	107,076	· ·	88,206		195,282		3,329
Long-term debt-net of current portion	55,163		<u>.</u>	<u> </u>	55,163		<u> </u>
Net Assets							
Invested in capital assets, net							
of related debt	2,708,786		1,912,168		4,620,954		339,899
Unrestricted	1,780,570		1,114,779		2,895,349		287,285
Total net assets	4,489,356		3,026,947		7,516,303		627,184
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 4,651,595	\$	3,115,153	\$	7,766,748	\$	630,513

City of Swartz Creek Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

Operating revenues		Enterpr	ise Funds	Total	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds	
Charges for services Penalties \$1,044,567 \$725,472 \$1,770,039 \$		Water	Sewer	Enterprise Funds		
Charges for services Penalties \$1,044,567 \$725,472 \$1,770,039 \$ - 205,575 Equipment rental 17,916 11,491 29,407 205,575 Total operating revenues 1,062,483 736,963 1,799,446 205,575 Operating expenses Water operating 835,176 - 835,176 - Meter reading and billings 36,339 23,039 59,378 - Sewer operating - 631,750 631,750 - Sewer lift station operation - 21,126 21,126 - Motor pool operations - - - - 143,093 Depreciation 72,369 48,771 121,140 62,083 399 Net operating income 118,599 12,277 130,876 399 Nonoperating revenues (expenses) 1 - (5,048) - (5,048) - - 2,520 - 2,520 - 2,520 - 2,520 - 2,520 -<	Operating revenues					
Total operating revenues 1,062,483 736,963 1,799,446 205,575		\$1,044,567	\$ 725,472	\$ 1,770,039	\$	-
Total operating revenues 1,062,483 736,963 1,799,446 205,575 Operating expenses Water operating 835,176 - 835,176 - Meter reading and billings 36,339 23,039 59,378 - Sewer lift station operation - 631,750 631,750 - Sewer lift station operations - - - 143,093 Depreciation 72,369 48,771 121,140 62,083 Total operating expenses 943,884 724,686 1,668,570 205,176 Net operating income 118,599 12,277 130,876 399 Nonoperating revenues (expenses) Interest on long-term debt (5,048) - (5,048) - Property taxes-debt levy 2,520 - 2,520 - Property taxes-debt levy 34,051 19,700 53,751 30,775 Total nonoperating revenues 31,523 19,700 51,223 30,775 Net income before capital contributions and transfers 150,122 31,977		17,916	11,491	29,407		-
Operating expenses Water operating 835,176 - 835,176 - Meter reading and billings 36,339 23,039 59,378 - Sewer operating - 631,750 631,750 - Sewer lift station operation - 21,126 21,126 - Motor pool operations - - - 143,093 Depreciation 72,369 48,771 121,140 62,083 Total operating expenses 943,884 724,686 1,668,570 205,176 Net operating income 118,599 12,277 130,876 399 Nonoperating revenues (expenses) 118,599 12,277 130,876 399 Nonoperating revenues (expenses) 5,048 - (5,048) - 2,520 - 2,520 - 2,520 - 2,520 - 2,520 - 2,520 - 2,520 - 2,520 - 2,520 - 2,520 - 2,520 - 2,520 <td>Equipment rental</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>205,575</td>	Equipment rental		-	-		205,575
Water operating Meter reading and billings 36,339 23,039 59,378 - Sewer operating Sewer operating - 631,750 631,750 - Sewer lift station operation - 21,126 21,126 - Motor pool operations 143,093 - 143,093 Depreciation 72,369 48,771 121,140 62,083 Total operating expenses 943,884 724,686 1,668,570 205,176 Net operating income 118,599 12,277 130,876 399 Nonoperating revenues (expenses) Interest on long-term debt (5,048) - (5,048) - 2,520 Property taxes-debt levy 2,520 - 2,520 - 2,520 - 2,520 - 2,520 Interest income and other 34,051 19,700 53,751 30,775 Total nonoperating revenues revenues 31,523 19,700 51,223 30,775 Net income before capital contributions and transfers 150,122 31,977 182,099 31,174 Capital contributions 14,040 54,000	Total operating revenues	1,062,483	736,963	1,799,446		205,575
Water operating Meter reading and billings 36,339 23,039 59,378 - Sewer operating Sewer operating - 631,750 631,750 - Sewer lift station operation - 21,126 21,126 - Motor pool operations 143,093 - 143,093 Depreciation 72,369 48,771 121,140 62,083 Total operating expenses 943,884 724,686 1,668,570 205,176 Net operating income 118,599 12,277 130,876 399 Nonoperating revenues (expenses) Interest on long-term debt (5,048) - (5,048) - 2,520 Property taxes-debt levy 2,520 - 2,520 - 2,520 - 2,520 - 2,520 Interest income and other 34,051 19,700 53,751 30,775 Total nonoperating revenues revenues 31,523 19,700 51,223 30,775 Net income before capital contributions and transfers 150,122 31,977 182,099 31,174 Capital contributions 14,040 54,000	Operating expenses					
Sewer operating - 631,750 631,750 - Sewer lift station operations - 21,126 21,126 - 143,093 Motor pool operations - - 12369 48,771 121,140 62,083 Total operating expenses 943,884 724,686 1,668,570 205,176 Net operating income 118,599 12,277 130,876 399 Nonoperating revenues (expenses) 1 - (5,048) - (5,048) - Interest on long-term debt (5,048) - (5,048) - <t< td=""><td></td><td>835,176</td><td>-</td><td>835,176</td><td></td><td>-</td></t<>		835,176	-	835,176		-
Sewer lift station operation - 21,126 21,126 - 143,093 Motor pool operations 72,369 48,771 121,140 62,083 Total operating expenses 943,884 724,686 1,668,570 205,176 Net operating income 118,599 12,277 130,876 399 Nonoperating revenues (expenses) (5,048) - (5,048) - Property taxes-debt levy 2,520 - 2,520 - Interest income and other 34,051 19,700 53,751 30,775 Total nonoperating revenues 31,523 19,700 51,223 30,775 Net income before capital contributions and transfers 150,122 31,977 182,099 31,174 Capital contributions 14,040 54,000 68,040 - Transfers in - 19 19 - Transfers out (29,000) (29,000) (58,000) - Change in net assets 135,162 56,996 192,158 31,174	Meter reading and billings	36,339	23,039	59,378		-
Motor pool operations Depreciation 72,369 48,771 121,140 62,083 Total operating expenses 943,884 724,686 1,668,570 205,176 Net operating income 118,599 12,277 130,876 399 Nonoperating revenues (expenses) 118,599 12,277 130,876 399 Nonoperating revenues (expenses) 118,599 12,277 130,876 399 Nonoperating revenues (expenses) 118,599 - (5,048) - (Sewer operating	-	631,750	631,750		-
Total operating expenses 943,884 724,686 1,668,570 205,176		-	21,126	21,126		-
Total operating expenses 943,884 724,686 1,668,570 205,176 Net operating income 118,599 12,277 130,876 399 Nonoperating revenues (expenses) Interest on long-term debt (5,048) - (5,048) - Property taxes-debt levy 2,520 - 2,520 - 2,520 - Interest income and other 34,051 19,700 53,751 30,775 Total nonoperating revenues 31,523 19,700 51,223 30,775 Net income before capital contributions and transfers 150,122 31,977 182,099 31,174 Capital contributions Transfers in - 19 19 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 19		-	-	-		•
Net operating income 118,599 12,277 130,876 399 Nonoperating revenues (expenses) Interest on long-term debt (5,048) - (5,048) - 2,520 - 2,520 - 2,520 - 2,520 - 2,520 - 30,775 - 2,520 - 30,775	Depreciation	72,369	48,771	121,140		62,083
Nonoperating revenues (expenses) Interest on long-term debt (5,048) - (5,048) - 2,520	Total operating expenses	943,884	724,686	1,668,570		205,176
Interest on long-term debt Property taxes-debt levy Interest income and other Total nonoperating revenues Net income before capital contributions and transfers 150,122 14,040 Transfers in Transfers out Capital contributions 14,040 14,040 154,000 155,000	Net operating income	118,599	12,277	130,876	<u> </u>	399
Interest on long-term debt Property taxes-debt levy Interest income and other Total nonoperating revenues Net income before capital contributions and transfers 150,122 14,040 Transfers in Transfers out Capital contributions 14,040 14,040 154,000 155,000	Nonoperating revenues (expenses)					
Interest income and other 34,051 19,700 53,751 30,775 Total nonoperating revenues 31,523 19,700 51,223 30,775 Net income before capital contributions and transfers 150,122 31,977 182,099 31,174 Capital contributions 14,040 54,000 68,040 - Transfers in - 19 19 - Transfers out (29,000) (29,000) (58,000) - Change in net assets 135,162 56,996 192,158 31,174 Net asset - beginning of year 4,354,194 2,969,951 7,324,145 596,010		(5,048)	-	(5,048)		-
Total nonoperating revenues 31,523 19,700 51,223 30,775 Net income before capital contributions and transfers 150,122 31,977 182,099 31,174 Capital contributions 14,040 54,000 68,040 - 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	Property taxes-debt levy	2,520	÷	2,520		-
revenues 31,523 19,700 51,223 30,775 Net income before capital contributions and transfers 150,122 31,977 182,099 31,174 Capital contributions Transfers in Transfers out 14,040 54,000 68,040 - Transfers out (29,000) (29,000) (58,000) - Change in net assets 135,162 56,996 192,158 31,174 Net asset - beginning of year 4,354,194 2,969,951 7,324,145 596,010	Interest income and other	34,051	19,700	53,751		30,775
revenues 31,523 19,700 51,223 30,775 Net income before capital contributions and transfers 150,122 31,977 182,099 31,174 Capital contributions Transfers in Transfers out 14,040 54,000 68,040 - Transfers out (29,000) (29,000) (58,000) - Change in net assets 135,162 56,996 192,158 31,174 Net asset - beginning of year 4,354,194 2,969,951 7,324,145 596,010	Total nononerating					
contributions and transfers 150,122 31,977 182,099 31,174 Capital contributions 14,040 54,000 68,040 - Transfers in - 19 19 - Transfers out (29,000) (29,000) (58,000) - Change in net assets 135,162 56,996 192,158 31,174 Net asset - beginning of year 4,354,194 2,969,951 7,324,145 596,010	<u> </u>	31,523	19,700	51,223		30,775
contributions and transfers 150,122 31,977 182,099 31,174 Capital contributions 14,040 54,000 68,040 - Transfers in - 19 19 - Transfers out (29,000) (29,000) (58,000) - Change in net assets 135,162 56,996 192,158 31,174 Net asset - beginning of year 4,354,194 2,969,951 7,324,145 596,010	Net income before capital					
Transfers in Transfers out - 19 19 - <th< td=""><td></td><td>150,122</td><td>31,977</td><td>182,099</td><td></td><td>31,174</td></th<>		150,122	31,977	182,099		31,174
Transfers out (29,000) (29,000) (58,000) - Change in net assets 135,162 56,996 192,158 31,174 Net asset - beginning of year 4,354,194 2,969,951 7,324,145 596,010	Capital contributions	14,040	54,000	68,040		-
Change in net assets 135,162 56,996 192,158 31,174 Net asset - beginning of year 4,354,194 2,969,951 7,324,145 596,010	Transfers in	-	19	19		
Net asset - beginning of year 4,354,194 2,969,951 7,324,145 596,010	Transfers out	(29,000)	(29,000)	(58,000)		
	Change in net assets	135,162	56,996	192,158		31,174
Net assets- end of year \$4,489,356 \$3,026,947 \$ 7,516,303 \$ 627,184	Net asset - beginning of year	4,354,194	2,969,951	7,324,145		596,010
	Net assets- end of year	\$4,489,356	\$3,026,947	\$ 7,516,303	\$	627,184

City of Swartz Creek Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For Year Ended June 30, 2005

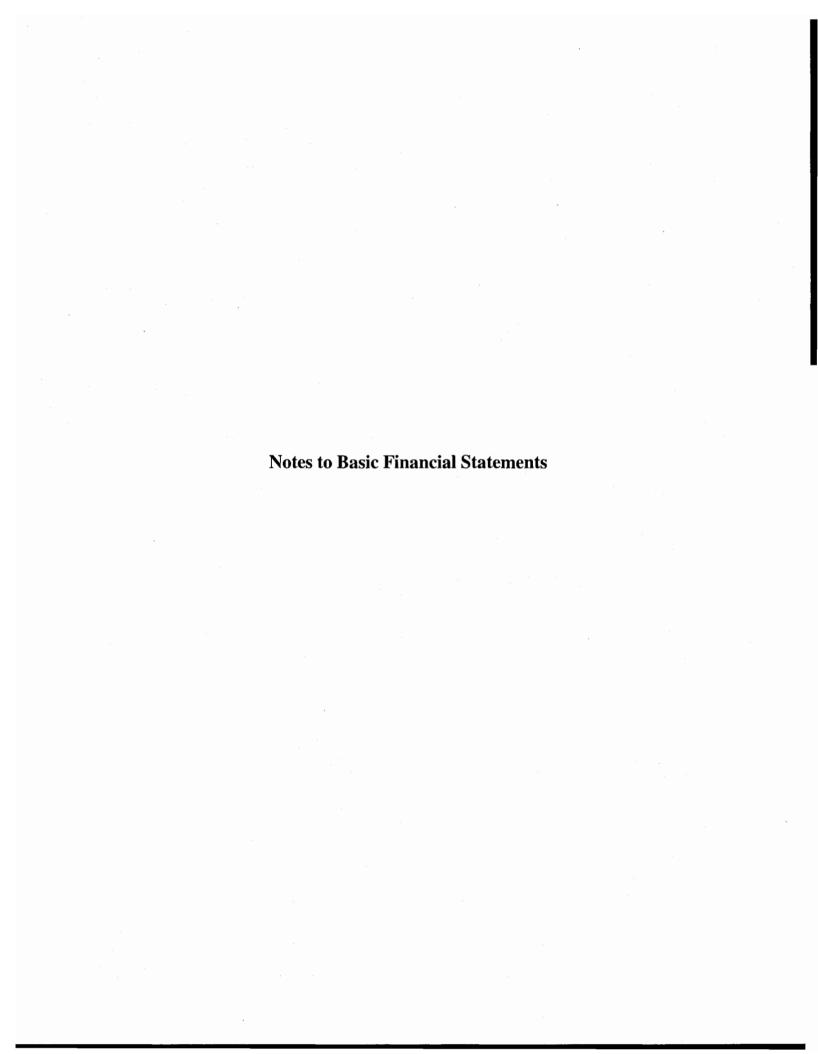
Governmental

	Enterprise Funds					Activities Internal Service	
		Water		Sewer		Total	 Fund
Cash flows from operating activities Cash receipts from customers Cash payments to suppliers Cash payments to employees	\$	1,025,350 (771,484) (119,568)	\$	854,630 (731,438) (78,709)	\$	1,879,980 (1,502,922) (198,277)	\$ 208,786 (111,157) (32,189)
Net cash provided by operating activities		134,298		44,483		178,781	 65,440
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Transfers to other funds	-	(29,000)		(29,000)		(58,000)	<u>-</u>
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities Interest paid on debt Acquisition of capital assets Transfer from debt service fund Principal payments on debt Tap in revenue		(5,048) - 75,613 (28,974) 14,040		- - - - 54,000		(5,048) 75,613 (28,974) 68,040	(124,924) - - -
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related related financing activities		55,631		54,000		109,631	(124,924)
Cash flows from investing activities Sale of investments Purchase of investments Interest earned		(58,286) 34,051		54,615 - 19,700		54,615 (58,286) 53,751	20,555
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		(24,235)		74,315		(4,535)	51,330
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		136,694		143,798		225,877	(8,154)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year		1,101,330		605,098		1,706,428	246,180
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$	1,238,024	\$	748,896	\$	1,932,305	\$ 238,026
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income	\$	118,599	\$	12,277	\$	130,876	\$ 399
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Depreciation Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	-	72,369		48,771		121,140	62,083
Accounts receivable Accounts payable Deposits Accrued liabilities		(37,133) (20,402) (500) 1,365		(13,622) (4,235) - 1,292		(50,755) (24,637) (500) 2,657	3,211 (494) - 241
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	134,298	\$	44,483	\$	178,781	\$ 65,440

City of Swartz Creek Statement of Assets and Liabilities Fiduciary Funds - Agency Funds June 30, 2005

Assets

Cash and cash equivalents Delinquent taxes	\$ 62,092 277,741
Total assets	\$ 339,833
Liabilities	
Due to other governmental units Deposits payable	\$ 303,329 36,504
Total liabilities	\$ 339,833



City of Swartz Creek, Michigan Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2005

I. Summary of significant accounting policies

A. Reporting entity

The City of Swartz Creek (City) was incorporated in 1959, under the provisions of Act 279, P.A. 1909, as amended (Home Rule City Act). The City operates a Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire inspections), highways and streets, sanitation, community development, culture-recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, water supply and sewage disposal systems, and general administrative services.

The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

Component units – In conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of component units have been included in the financial reporting entity either as blended component units or as discretely presented component units.

Blended component units – for financial reporting purposes, City of Swartz Creek Building Authority has been reported as if it were a part of this City's operations because:

- City pledged its full faith and credit as a guarantee for the Authority's outstanding debt
- City is obligated to fund deficits of the Authority

Discretely presented component unit – The component unit column in the combined financial statements presents the financial data of the Swartz Creek Area Senior Citizens, Inc. The Swartz Creek Area Senior Citizens, Inc. is a legally separate nonprofit organization with the majority of the Board of Directors elected by the general membership. However the majority of the revenue of the organization is collected from a tax levy by the City of Swartz Creek and the building and utilities are furnished by the City. As a result, the Swartz Creek Area Senior Citizens, Inc. is considered fiscally dependent on the City.

The financial statements of the Swartz Creek Area Senior Citizens, Inc. are audited separately and may be obtained at the following address: 8095 Civic Drive, Swartz Creek, Michigan 48473.

The City has established the Swartz Creek Downtown Development Authority (Authority), in accordance with State law to promote and rehabilitate the downtown area. The Authority was formed to construct certain improvements in the downtown area. State law provides for a specific tax levy for the operations of the Authority. The City appoints the Board and has to approve the annual budget and the issuance of any debt. Any surplus funds remaining at the termination of the Authority vest to the City. The Authority had no assets or liabilities at June 30, 2005 and did not have any revenues or expenses for the year then ended.

City of Swartz Creek Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2005

I. Summary of significant accounting policies – (continued)

A. Reporting entity – (continued)

Joint Ventures – The following organization is not part of the City of Swartz Creek and is excluded from the accompanying financial statements for the reasons stated.

Swartz Creek Area Fire Board:

- The above entity serves a community outside of the City of Swartz Creek.
- Swartz Creek Area Fire Authority is a joint venture with the Township of Clayton, financed primarily through fire run revenues from the two municipalities.

The Swartz Creek Area Fire Board has a December 31 year end. Audited financial statements of the Fire Board for the year ended December 31, 2004 is available for public inspection at the Fire Board headquarters.

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct* expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

I. Summary of significant accounting policies – (continued)

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation – (continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, licenses, and charges for services associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Major and Local Street Funds account for the City's share of proceeds from gas and weight taxes levied by the State and distributed to local governmental units. State law requires that these taxes be used for street maintenance and construction.

The Garbage Collection Fund accounts for a special property tax millage allowed to provide garbage and compost collection services.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water accounts for the operations of the water distribution system.

Sewer accounts for the operations of the sewage pumping and collection system.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Internal service – Services provided to other departments of the government on a cost reimbursement basis. The City has a motor pool internal service fund.

Agency funds accounts for assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organization, and other government.

I. Summary of significant accounting policies – (continued)

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation – (continued)

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the *option* of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's water and sewer function and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes and interest income.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Water and Sewer enterprise funds and of the City's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity

1. Cash and cash equivalents and investments

The City has classified all checking/sweep accounts as cash and cash equivalents.

The City considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or more when purchased to be investments. Investments are reported on the balance sheet at fair value.

2. Receivables and payables

In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds", activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "advances to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

I. Summary of significant accounting policies – (continued)

D. Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity – (continued)

3. Inventories and prepaid items

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or market using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventory consists of expendable supplies for consumption.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

4. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

In accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, recorded infrastructure assets include only those acquired during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. Prior to the implementation of GASB No. 34, records on these assets were not maintained. The City is not required to retroactively determine costs and accumulated depreciation for infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2003 and record those assets on the financial statements.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	50
Land improvements	20
Water and sewer systems	50-75
Machinery and equipment	3-20
Roads	25

5. Compensated absences

In accordance with contracts negotiated with the various employee groups of the City of Swartz Creek, individual employees have a vested right upon termination of employment to receive payment for unused vacation and sick leave under formulas and conditions specified in the contracts. All vacation pay is accrued annually in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements.

I. Summary of significant accounting policies – (continued)

D. Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity – (continued)

6. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

7. Fund equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

E. Revenues, expenditures, and expenses

Property tax

The City's property tax is levied each July 1 on the taxable value determined as of December 31 of the preceding year for all taxable real and personal property located in the City. On July 1, the property tax attachment is an enforceable lien on the property.

II. Reconciliation of government-wide and fund financial statements

A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net assets

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance -total governmental funds and net assets -governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net assets. One element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of this difference are as follows:

Note payable	\$895,000
Compensated absences	79,919
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance -total governmental funds	
to arrive at net assets -governmental activities	\$974,919

II. Reconciliation of government-wide and fund financial statements – (continued)

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances -total governmental funds* and *changes in net assets of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this difference are as follows:

Capital outlay	\$ 121,542
Depreciation expense	(112,130)
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances -	
total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets	
of governmental activities	\$ 9,412

III. Stewardship, compliance, and accountability

Budgetary information

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to the first meeting in April, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them, for the General and Special Revenue Funds. (These funds are required to have budgets per Michigan law.)
- 2. A public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to July 1, the budget was legally enacted on a total fund basis for the 2005 fiscal year, through passage of a resolution in accordance with Public Act 621 of 1978 of the State of Michigan. All budgets are enacted in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 4. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all budgetary funds.
- 5. Budget appropriations lapse at year end, except for certain Major Street Fund construction activity budgeted on a project length basis.
- 6. The original budget was amended during the year in compliance with the City Charter and applicable state law. The budget to actual expenditures in the financial statements represents the final budgeted expenditures as amended by the City.
- 7. The City does not employ encumbrance accounting as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental funds.

IV. Detailed notes on all funds

A. Deposits and investments

Michigan Compiled Laws section 129.91 (Public Act 20 of 1943, as amended), authorizes local governmental units to make deposits and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have offices in Michigan. The local unit is allowed to invest in bonds, securities, and other direct obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptances of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications, which mature not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions, which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

The City has designated two banks for the deposit of it's funds. The investment policy adopted by the Board is in accordance with Public Act 196 of 1997.

The City's cash and investments are subject to several types of risk, which are examined in more detail below:

Custodial credit risk of bank deposits:

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At year end, the City had \$153,253 of bank deposits (certificates of deposit, checking and savings accounts) that were uninsured and uncollateralized. The City believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all deposits. As a result, the City evaluates each financial institution it deposits funds with and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

Custodial credit risk of investments:

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. At year end, the following investment securities were uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty or by its trust department or agent but not in the City's name:

Type of Investment	Carrying Value	How Held
Repurchase Agreement	\$2,402,723	Counterparty

Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of investments will decrease as a result of a rise in interest rates. The City's investment policy does not restrict investment maturities, other than commercial paper which can only be purchased with a 270 day maturity. At year end, the average maturities of investments are as follows:

Investment	Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity
Repurchase Agreement	\$2,402,723	2 months

IV. Detailed notes on all funds – (continued)

A. Deposits and investments – (continued)

Credit risk:

State law limits investments in commercial paper to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. As of year end, the credit quality ratings of debt securities (other than the U. S. government) are as follows:

			Rating
<u>Investment</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>	Rating	<u>Organization</u>
Bank investment pool	\$1,671,366	Not rated	Not rated

B. Capital assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2005 was as follows:

Primary Government

Timaly development	Balance			Balance	
	July 1, 2004	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	June 30, 2005	
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$1,364,467	\$ -	-	\$ 1,364,467	
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings	2,199,663	60,662	-	2,260,325	
Land improvements	494,929	30,860	-	525,789	
Machinery and equipment	1,485,099	154,943	(91,215)	1,548,827	
Roads	100,463	-	<u>-</u>	100,463	
Total, capital assets being depreciated	4,280,154	246,465	(91,215)	4,435,404	
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	(630,053)	(43,993)	-	(674,046)	
Land improvements	(302,800)	(10,086)	-	(312,886)	
Machinery and equipment	(844,866)	(118,124)	91,215	(871,775)	
Roads	<u>-</u>	(2,009)		(2,009)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,777,719)	(174,212)	91,215	(1,860,716)	
Total capital assets, being depreciated net	2,502,435	72,253	_	2,574,688	
Total capital assets, net	\$3,866,902	\$ 72,253	\$ -	\$ 3,939,155	

IV. Detailed notes on all funds – (continued)

B. Capital assets – (continued)

Primary Government - (continued)

	Balance			Balance
	July 1, 2004	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	June 30, 2005
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Machinery and equiment	\$ 101,066 \$	S -	\$ -	\$ 101,066
Water and sewer systems	7,831,308	-	- .	7,831,308
Total capital assets, being depreciated	7,932,374		-	7,932,374
Less accumulated depreciation for:	•			
Machinery and equiment	(51,735)	(8,867)	· -	(60,602)
Water and sewer systems	(3,054,964)	(112,274)	-	(3,167,238)
Total accumulated depreciation	(3,106,699)	(121,141)	-	(3,227,840)
Business - type activities capital				
assets, net	\$ 4,825,675	(121,141)	\$ -0-	\$ 4,704,534

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:

Legislative	\$ 1,925
General government	64,215
Public safety	37,617
Public works	44,002
Recreation and cultural	26,453
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	<u>\$174,212</u>

C. Interfund receivables, payables, and transfers

The composition of interfund transfers as of June 30, 2005 is as follows:

Operating transfers:

		Transfer In		
	Local	Nonmajor		
	Streets	Governmental	<u>Sewer</u>	<u>Total</u>
Transfer out:				
General fund	\$ -	\$ 74,359	\$ -	\$ 74,359
Major streets	25,000	-	-	25,000
Nonmajor governmental funds	-	-	19	19
Water fund	-	29,000	-	29,000
Sewer fund		29,000		29,000
Total transfers out	\$ 25,000	\$132,359	\$ 19	\$115,874

IV. Detailed notes on all funds – (continued)

C. Interfund receivables, payables, and transfers – (continued)

Transfers from the water, sewer, and general fund were made to fund debt service requirements for the construction of City Hall. The transfer from the major streets fund to the local streets fund is intended to support local street preservation and maintenance, and is in accordance with State law.

D. Long-term debt

A summary of long-term liability transactions for the year ended June 30, 2005, and the composition of the June 30, 2005, long-term debt balance follows:

	Final	Interest	Original	Balance at	Issuances (Retire-	Balance at	Due Within
	Payment	_	Amount of	June 30,	ments)	June 30,	One
	<u>Due</u>	Range Pange	<u>Issue</u>	<u>2004</u>	During Year	<u>2005</u>	<u>Year</u>
Governmental Activities:							
Building Authority Bonds:				•			
Series 2001	5/20/21	4.25-5.65%	995,000	920,000	(25,000)	895,000	25,000
Accumulated vacation							
and sick pay				76,166	3,753	79,919	8,000
				996,166	(21,247)	974,919	33,000
Business-type Activities:				990,100	(21,247))/ 7 ,)1/	33,000
1998 Genesee County							
Water Supply System	4/2000	4.45.4.500	#202 (15	110554	(20.07.4)	00 500	20.417
Refunding Bonds	4/2008	4.45-4.50%	\$283,615	112,554	(28,974)	83,580	28,417
•				\$1,108,722	\$ (50,221)\$1	1,058,499	\$ 61,417

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the above bond obligations are as follows:

Year End	Governmenta	l Activities	Business	Activities
June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	Principal	<u>Interest</u>
2006	25,000	46,568	28,417	3,719
2007	25,000	45,443	27,860	2,468
2008	25,000	44,318	27,303	1,229
2009	50,000	43,130	-	-
2010	50,000	40,756	-	-
2011-2015	250,000	167,400		<u>-</u>
2016-2020	375,000	94,305	-	-
2021	95,000		<u> </u>	
Total	\$895,000	\$481,920	\$83,580	\$ 7,416

Building Authority Bonds:

The City of Swartz Creek is party to a long-term lease agreement for rental of a building and parking structure with the City of Swartz Creek Building Authority (Building Authority). The Building Authority was created pursuant to the provisions of Public Act 31 for the purpose of financing and constructing City facilities.

IV. Detailed notes on all funds – (continued)

D. Long-term debt – (continued)

The lease stipulates that fixed annual rentals will be paid to the Authority and such rentals are pledged exclusively for payment of principal and interest on revenue bonds issued by the Authority to finance the various projects. The lease agreement also provides that after all revenue bonds are retired, the fixed annual rentals will cease, and title to all buildings and structures shall vest in the City of Swartz Creek.

The City's full faith and credit is pledged for the payment of these rentals (subject to constitutional limitations). The lease agreement is essentially a financing vehicle for the City of Swartz Creek to purchase buildings and structures. Under provisions of generally accepted accounting principles for these types of leases, the assets and related liabilities encompassed by the lease are included in the statement of net assets of the lessee (City of Swartz Creek) as if these assets were purchased and financed by the lessee. These assets and liabilities are normally measured by the lesser of fair market value of the property at the inception of lease or present value of the minimum lease payments (discounted at the lessee's incremental borrowing rate) at the beginning of the lease term. Since the minimum lease payments are the payments required to retire the debt, the assets are shown at fair market value at the inception of the lease (cost) and the related lease liabilities are the outstanding revenue bonds related to the leased assets. The fixed assets owned by the Authority and included in the City's financial statements in the statement of net assets at June 30, 2005, have an accumulated cost of \$788,137.

The Building Authority bonds are due in annual installments of \$25,000 to \$95,000 through May 5, 2021. Interest is paid semi-annually at rates ranging from 4.25% to 5.65%. The outstanding balance payable at June 30, 2005 is \$895,000.

City indebtedness:

Act 279, Public Acts of Michigan 1909, as amended, provides that net indebtedness of cities cannot exceed 10% of the assessed real and personal property in the city. As of June 30, 2005, the City of Swartz Creek had a total debt limit of \$23,008,536. According to Act 279, the General Obligation Sewer and Drain Bonds and all Enterprise Funds are specifically exempted from the computation. Principal outstanding on applicable debt at June 30, 2005 is \$895,000. Therefore, the City could incur \$22,113,563 of additional general obligation debt as of June 30, 2005 and still be in compliance with State law.

Defeased debt:

During 1998, the City defeased its 1969 Genesee County Water Supply System No. 1 Bonds by issuing the 1998 Refunding bonds. The proceeds were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old contract. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased contract are not included in the general purpose financial statements. At June 30, 2005, \$83,580 of the contract is still outstanding.

IV. Detailed notes on all funds – (continued)

E. Property taxes

Property taxes are levied based on assessed values of property located in the City. Assessed values are established annually and equalized by the state at an estimated 50% of current market value. A comparison of assessed and taxable property values for the 2004 tax levy is as follows:

Real property Personal property	Assessed <u>Value</u>	Taxable <u>Value</u>
Real property	\$208,381,590	\$173,161,992
Personal property	21,703,767	21,703,767
Total	\$230,085,357	\$194,865,759

The City is permitted by charter to levy up to \$5.00 (5 mills) per \$1,000 of state taxable value for general governmental services. For the year ended June 30, 2005, the City levied \$4.8348 for general governmental services and \$1.75 for garbage per \$1,000 of state taxable valuation. The City is permitted to levy unlimited amounts for payment of existing general long-term debt obligations. As of June 30, 2005, \$.01 (.01 mill) per \$1,000 of state taxable valuation was being levied for long-term debt retirement. A levy of .4981 mills is levied on the behalf of the Senior Center of which the City is financially accountable.

V. Other information

A. Risk management and contingent liabilities

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, and employee injuries. The City participates in a public entity risk pool that assumes the risk of loss for these claims. Settled claims for the insurance provided by the Pool have not exceeded the amount of pool coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. As a participant in the pool, the City has the responsibility to promptly pay all annual premiums, promptly report all incidents, follow all loss reduction and prevention procedures established by the Pool, provide the City's annual budget and audited financial statements, and cooperate fully with the Pool and its attorneys in the investigation, litigation, and settlement of liability claims. The City obtains fleet insurance, employee dishonesty, property, and general tort coverage through the Pool. The City carries \$5,000,000 of liability coverage with a \$1,000 per claim deductible on property, computer equipment and mechanical systems.

The City participates in the Michigan Municipal Workers' Compensation Self-Insurer's Fund administered by the Michigan Municipal League. The Fund provides coverage for workers' compensation claims subject to a maximum limit of \$500,000 per occurrence.

The City participates in the federally assisted Community Development Block Grant Program and COPS Programs. These programs are subject to monitoring by the granting agency. The granting agency has yet to make final approval of the expenditures charged to the grant. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agency cannot be determined at this time, although management expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

V. Other information – (continued)

B. Federal awards

It is required by the Michigan Department of Transportation (MDOT) that governmental units report total federal awards for highway research, planning and construction pertaining to their unit. However, only the federal awards applicable to force account expenditures are required to be audited for compliance under the Single Audit Act. The reason for this requirement is that the City is required to have accounting and administrative control over the force account portion while the balance is administered by MDOT.

During the year ended June 30, 2005, the City of Swartz Creek did not have \$500,000 of federal awards (local force revenue) applicable to force account expenditures. As a result, an audit in compliance with OMB Circular A-133 and the Single Audit Act was not required.

C. Joint venture agreement

The Swartz Creek Area Fire Board (Fire Board) has been organized as a joint venture of the City of Swartz Creek and the Township of Clayton (Township). The organizational agreement provides for a joint exercise of power and the establishment of a separate administrative entity. Members of the Fire Board are appointed by the City and Township. The participating units provide revenue to the Fire Board on the basis of fire runs. The City and Township have provided the Fire Board with the use of several vehicles and real property. Title to these vehicles remains with the contributing unit of Government.

During the year ended June 30, 2005, the City was billed \$104,561 by the Authority. At year end, the City owed \$6,520 to the Authority for fire run services.

The City is unaware of any circumstances that would cause an additional benefit or burden to the participating governments in the near future.

Audited financial statements are available for public inspection at the Fire Board headquarters.

D. Post-retirement benefits

The City provides healthcare coverage for retired employees with twenty-five (25) years of service in the MERS retirement plan. The expenditures for the post-retirement health care benefits are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. At June 30, 2005 the City had six retired employees receiving benefits. The cost of the benefits provided during the year ended June 30, 2005 was \$23,020.

E. Defined benefit pension plan - MERS

The City of Swartz Creek participates in the Municipal Employees Retirement System (MERS), a multiple employer state-wide, public employee defined benefit pension plan created under Public Act 135 of 1945, and now operates under Public Act 220 of 1996, and the MERS Plan Document as revised. All employees hired prior to July 1, 1997 and all police officers are eligible to participate in the plan. MERS was established to provide retirement, survivor and disability benefits on a voluntary basis to the State of Michigan's local government employees. Act No. 427 of the Public Acts of 1984, as amended, establishes and amends the benefits provisions of the participants in MERS. The Municipal Employees Retirement System of Michigan issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for MERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Municipal Employees Retirement System of Michigan, 447 N. Canal Road, Lansing, Michigan 48917 or by calling (800) 767-6377.

V. Other information – (continued)

E. Defined benefit pension plan – MERS – (continued)

Funding Policy – City employees are not required to contribute to the plan. The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate, which is revised annually. The City's current contribution rate is a certain percent of annual covered payroll for each category of city employee. Rates for June 30, 2005 were general employees – 0.00%, police – 2.5%, and supervisors – 4%. Employer contributions fund a specific pension benefit for the employees of the City. The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the MERS Board of Trustees.

Annual Pension Cost - For 2005, the City's annual pension cost of \$77,439 for MERS was equal to the City's required and actual contributions. The required contribution was determined as part of the December 31, 2004 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions as of the date of the most recently completed actuarial valuation on December 31, 2004 included (1) a rate of return on the investments of present and future assets of 8.0%, (2) projected salary increases of 4.5% per year compounded annually, attributable to inflation, (3) additional projected salary increases of 0.0% to 4.16% per year, depending on age, attributable to seniority\merit, (4) the assumption that benefits will increase 2.5% per year. The actuarial value of the City's assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period. The City's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll contributions over an open period of 30 years.

Three-Year Trend Information for the City of Swartz Creek

Fiscal Year <u>Ending</u>	Annual Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation
June 30, 2003	\$ 25,355	100%	\$ -
June 30, 2004	40,611	100	-
June 30, 2005	77,439	100	-

Analysis of Retirement System Funding Progress

		Accrued				
		Actuarial	Unfunded			UAAL as
	Actuarial	Liability	(Overfunded)		Annual	% of
Actuarial	Value of	(AAL)	AAL	Funded	Covered	Covered
Valuation	Assets	Entry Age	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Date *	(a)	(b)	<u>(b - a)</u>	<u>(a/b)</u>	(c)	(b-a)/c
10101101	A	45.550.5 00	4046054	0.00	****	110 50
12/31/04	\$6,653,737	\$7,570,708	\$916,971	87.88%	\$813,191	112.7%
12/31/03	6,503,853	6,934,536	430,683	93.7	750,808	57.3
12/31/02	6,344,717	6,789,520	444,803	93.5	702,216	63.3

^{*} Most recent valuation completed as of opinion date.

V. Other information – (continued)

F. Defined contribution pension plan

The City has adopted by ordinance, a defined contribution money purchase pension plan administered by MERS and the ICMA Retirement Corporation. The plan is for all full time supervisors and employees represented by AFSCME hired after July 1, 1997. Employees hired prior to that date that do not participate in the defined benefit plan (MERS) may also participate in the defined contribution plan. The employee must be 18 years of age to participate in the plan.

The plan requires employer contributions of 6% of supervisors' wages and 5% of AFSCME employees' annual compensation. No employee contributions are required, but voluntary contributions can be made by the participants in accordance with IRS regulations. Participants vest in the employer contribution at the rate of 20% for each year of employment, becoming fully vested after five years.

During the year ended June 30, 2005, the City contributed \$14,186 to the plan. Employee voluntary contributions were \$11,305. Payroll costs of all employees and plan participants amounted to \$1,209,164 and \$250,889, respectively. It is the policy of the City to pay the pension costs as accrued.

G. Deferred compensation plan

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

Once a trust, custodial account or annuity contract exists, assets are owned or held by the trust, custodian or insurer for the exclusive benefit of participants and beneficiaries, and are not subject to the claims of public employer creditors nor can they be used by the public employer for any purpose other than the payment of benefits to those individuals participating in the plan or their designated beneficiaries. As a result the assets are not reported by the City.

H. Construction code revenues/expenditures

The State Construction Code Act, Michigan Public Act 245 of 1999, and rules promulgated by the Department of Treasury regarding that Act, require that a local unit's fees collected from construction code permits be accounted for in a method which shows that all of these fees were used for expenditures related to the operation of the enforcing agency. These rules allowed for monitoring these funds in a separate activity center within the General Fund if the expenditures would normally exceed the revenues. The activity related to construction code activity for the year ended June 30, 2005 is as follows:

Construction permit revenue	\$ 58,972
Less expenditures:	
Professional services	(117,983)
Expenditures over revenue	\$ 59,011

VI. Upcoming accounting changes

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has recently released Statement No. 45, Accounting and Reporting by Employees for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The new pronouncement provides guidance for local units of government in recognizing the cost of retiree health care, as well as any "other" postemployment benefits (other than pension). The new rules will cause the government-wide financial statements to recognize the cost of providing retiree health care coverage over the working life of the employee, rather than at the time the health care premiums are paid. The new pronouncement is effective for the year ending June 30, 2009. Management is currently assessing the impact of this new accounting standard on the City's financial statement for future reporting periods.

Effective July 1, 2005, the City will adopt the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 42, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Impairment of Capital Assets and for Insurance Recoveries. This statement will require governments to report the effects of capital asset impairments in their financial statements when they occur rather than as a part of the ongoing depreciation expense for the capital asset or upon disposal of the capital assets. In addition, the statement requires all governments to account for insurance recoveries in the same manner. The City's management does not believe this accounting change will have a significant impact.

Required Supplementary Information

City of Swartz Creek Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

		General Fund							
		Budgeted Original	An	nounts Final		Actual Amounts		iance with al Budget	
Revenues		Originai		гшаг	-	Amounts	rm	ai Duuget	
Taxes	\$	927,464	\$	927,464	\$	979,175	\$	51,711	
Licenses and permits	Ψ.	87,600	Ψ	78,901	Ψ	81,927	Ψ	3,026	
Intergovernmental - federal		23,549		23,030		13,958		(9,072)	
Intergovernmental - state		454,370		454,370		473,317		18,947	
Charges for services		121,100		121,100		171,730		50,630	
Fines and fees		30,300		30,300		55,266		24,966	
Interest		21,000		21,000		35,884		14,884	
Other		136,950		136,950		128,195		(8,755)	
Total revenues		1,802,333		1,793,115		1,939,452	*****	146,337	
Expenditures									
Legislative		35,808		36,845		27,113		9,732	
General government		560,070		555,154		534,487		20,667	
Public safety		1,010,196		1,021,442		1,067,636		(46, 194)	
Department of public works		80,800		80,569		83,449		(2,880)	
Recreation and cultural		140,649		163,826		128,550		35,276	
Employee benefits		25,500		18,969		18,968		1	
Total expenditures		1,853,023		1,876,805		1,860,203		16,602	
Excess (deficiency) of									
revenues over expenditures		(50,690)		(83,690)		79,249		162,939	
Other financing uses Operating transfers out		(79,359)	-	(79,359)		(74,359)		5,000	
Total other financing uses		(79,359)		(79,359)		(74,359)		5,000	
Net change in fund balance		(130,049)		(163,049)		4,890		167,939	
Fund balance - beginning of year		1,149,321		1,149,321		1,149,321		-	
Fund balance - end of year	_\$_	1,019,272	\$	986,272	\$	1,154,211	\$	167,939	

City of Swartz Creek Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Major Street Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

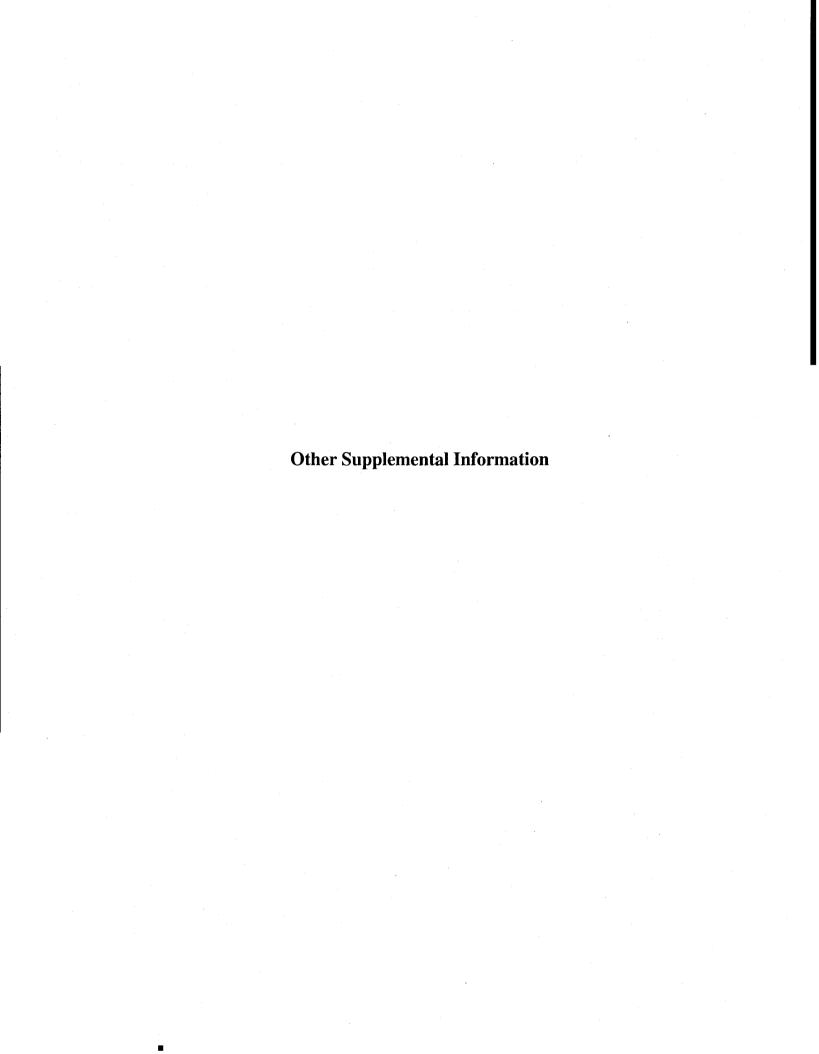
		Major S	Street		
	Budgeted A	mounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues	Ф 202.000 Ф	202.000 4	0.000	Φ ((000	
Intergovernmental - state	\$ 203,000 \$	203,000 \$,	\$ 66,080	
Interest Other	6,700 1,500	6,700 1,500	15,890 2,600	9,190 1,100	
Total revenues	211,200	211,200	287,570	76,370	
Expenditures					
Current:					
Public works:					
Occupational safety	-	324	319	5	
Routine maintenance- streets	131,455	148,544	122,103	26,441	
Routine maintenance- bridges	1,700	-	40.000	- (1.555)	
Traffic service	50,614	40,515	42,290	(1,775)	
Snow and ice removal	26,777	37,845	36,413	1,432	
Administration	14,626	17,794	18,166	(372)	
Total expenditures	225,172	245,022	219,291	25,731	
Excess of revenues over					
expenditures	(13,972)	(33,822)	68,279	102,101	
Other financing uses					
Operating transfers out	(25,000)	(25,000)	(25,000)		
Total other financing uses	(25,000)	(25,000)	(25,000)	-	
Net change in fund balance	(38,972)	(58,822)	43,279	102,101	
Fund balance - beginning of year	930,899	930,899	930,899	•	
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 891,927 \$	872,077	974,178	\$ 102,101	

City of Swartz Creek Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Local Street Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Local Street							
	Budgeted A		Actual	Variance with				
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget				
Revenues								
Intergovernmental - state	\$ 70,000 \$	70,000	\$ 77,290	\$ 7,290				
Interest	1,500	1,500	2,958	1,458				
Other	5,000	5,000	16,639	11,639				
Total revenues	76,500	76,500	96,887	20,387				
Expenditures								
Current:								
Public works:								
Occupational safety	-	78	77	1				
Lighting	-	2,566	2,565	1				
Routine maintenance- streets	58,845	54,616	63,274	(8,658)				
Routine maintenance- bridges	5,250	817	816	1				
Traffic service	19,614	9,692	2,761	6,931				
Snow and ice removal	25,277	34,958	34,453	505				
Administration	15,126	21,385	7,729	13,656				
Total expenditures	124,112	124,112	111,675	12,437				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures	(47,612)	(47,612)	(14,788)	32,824				
Other financing sources (uses):								
Operating transfers in	25,000	25,000	25,000					
Total other financing sources	25,000	25,000	25,000					
Net change in fund balance	(22,612)	(22,612)	10,212	32,824				
Fund balance - beginning of year	152,630	152,630	152,630					
Fund balance - end of year	\$130,018 \$	130,018	\$ 162,842	\$ 32,824				

City of Swartz Creek Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Garbage Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Original Final Amounts Final Budge daxes \$ 313,000 \$ 313,000 \$ 344,215 \$ 31,25 orfeits 50 50 16 nterest 4,500 4,500 12,527 8,0 Total revenues 317,550 317,550 356,758 39,2 aditures 204,488 215,016 215,012 Wood chipping 112,751 102,223 60,431 41,7 Total expenditures 317,239 317,239 275,443 41,7						
	Budgeted	d Amounts	Actual	Variance with			
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget			
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ 313,000	\$ 313,000	\$ 344,215	\$ 31,215			
Forfeits	50	50	16	(34)			
Interest	4,500	4,500	12,527	8,027			
Total revenues	317,550	317,550	356,758	39,208			
Expenditures							
Current:							
Public works:							
Sanitation collection	204,488	215,016	215,012	4			
Wood chipping	112,751	102,223	60,431	41,792			
Total expenditures	317,239	317,239	275,443	41,796			
Net change in fund balance	311	311	81,315	81,004			
D. II. I I salara la conse	440 127	440.107	440 125				
Fund balance - beginning of year	448,137	448,137	448,137	-			
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 448,448	\$ 448,448	\$ 529,452	\$ 81,004			



City of Swartz Creek, Michigan Non-Major Governmental Funds Summary Descriptions June 30, 2005

Special Revenue Funds

<u>Drug Enforcement Fund</u> accounts for the proceeds from the sale of confiscated property seized in drug related crimes.

Special Assessment Fund accounts for sidewalk improvements special assessments.

Debt Service Funds

City Hall Fund accounts for resources accumulated for the payment of the Swartz Creek Building Authority bonds.

Sewer Interceptor Fund accounts for resources accumulated for the payment of general obligation debt.

Capital Project Funds

Capital Project Fund accounts for resources restricted for capital improvement.

Fire Capital Project Fund accounts for resources restricted for the purchase of fire department capital equipment.

City of Swartz Creek Combining Balance Sheet Non-major Governmental Funds June 30, 2005

		Special	Reve	nue	Debt Service			
		Drug orcement		Special sessments	City Hall		Sewer erceptor	
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$	6,158 5,990	\$	12,786 9,854	\$ 12,510	\$	-	
Total assets	\$	12,148	\$	22,640	\$ 12,510	\$	- 0 -	
Liabilities								
Accounts payable		-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	
Fund Balances								
Unreserved, undesignated		12,148		22,640	12,510		-	
Total fund balances		12,148		22,640	12,510		<u>-</u>	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	12,148	\$	22,640	\$ 12,510	\$	- 0 -	

	Capital	Proj		Total		
	Capital Projects		Fire Capital Project		on-major vernmental Funds	
\$	30,134	\$	88,212	\$	149,800 15,844	
\$	30,134	\$	88,212	\$	165,644	
_\$	27,062	\$		\$	27,062	
	3,072		88,212		138,582	
	3,072		88,212		138,582	
\$	30,134	\$	88,212	\$	165,644	

City of Swartz Creek Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Non-major Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

		Special Revenues			Debt Service			
	Enf	Drug Enforcement		pecial essments	City Hall	Sewer Interceptor		
Revenues	Ф		Φ.		•		
Interest	\$	20.000	\$	- 5 452	\$ 725	\$	-	
Other		39,099		5,453				
Total revenues		39,099		5,453	725		-	
Expenditures								
Public safety		70,487		5,274	-		-	
Capital outlay:								
City hall Other		-		-	-		-	
Debt service:		-		-	-		-	
Principal		-		-	25,000		-	
Interest		-			47,967		-	
Total expenditures		70,487		5,274	72,967		-	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(31,388)		179	(72,242)		-	
Other financing sources (uses)								
Operating transfers in		37,859		_	74,500		_	
Operating transfers out		-		-	-		(19)	
Net change in fund balances	-	6,471		179	2,258		(19)	
Fund balance - beginning of year		5,677		22,461	10,252		19	
Fund balance - end of year	\$	12,148	\$	22,640	\$ 12,510	\$	- 0 -	

Capital Projects				Total			
Capital Projects		Fire Capital Project		Non-major Governmental Funds			
\$	1,799	\$	1,503	\$	4,027 44,552		
	1,799		1,503		48,579		
	-		-		75,761		
	3,373 100,935		14,134		3,373 115,069		
	-		-		25,000 47,967		
	104,308		14,134		267,170		
	(102,509)		(12,631)		(218,591)		
	- 		20,000		132,359 (19)		
	(102,509)		7,369		(86,251)		
	105,581		80,843		224,833		
\$	3,072	\$	88,212	\$	138,582		

City of Swartz Creek Combining Balance Sheet Agency Funds June 30, 2005

	Trust & Agency		Current Tax Collection		Winter Tax	
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents Delinquent taxes receivable	\$	36,504	\$	1,190	\$	1,293
Total assets	\$	36,504	\$	1,190	\$	1,293
Liabilities						
Due to other governmental units Deposits payable	\$	- 36,504	\$	1,190	\$	1,293
Total liabilities	\$	36,504	\$	1,190	\$	1,293

Tax in Lieu of Mari-Dan		P	elinquent Personal Operty Tax	Totals		
 \$	22,769	\$	336 277,741	\$	62,092 277,741	
\$	22,769	\$	278,077	\$	339,833	
\$	22,769	\$	278,077	\$	303,329 36,504	
\$	22,769	\$	278,077	\$	339,833	





September 1, 2005

City Council City of Swartz Creek Swartz Creek, Michigan

We have recently completed our audit of the financial statements of the City of Swartz Creek for the year ended June 30, 2005. The purpose of this communication is to provide you with additional information regarding the scope and results of our audit that may assist you with your oversight responsibilities of the financial reporting process for which management is responsible. This report is intended solely for the use of the City Council and others within the organization.

Auditor's Responsibility Under Generally Accepted Auditing Standards

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. The following paragraphs explain our responsibilities under those standards.

Management has the responsibility for adopting sound accounting policies, for maintaining an adequate and effective system of accounts, for the safeguarding of assets and for devising an internal control structure that will, among other things, help assure the proper recording of transactions. The transactions that should be reflected in the accounts and in the financial statements are matters within the direct knowledge and control of management. Our knowledge of such transactions is limited to that acquired through our audit. Accordingly, the fairness of representations made through the financial statements is an implicit and integral part of management's responsibility. We may make suggestions as to the form or content of the financial statements or even draft them, in whole or in part, based on management's accounts and records. However, our responsibility for the financial statements is confined to the expression of an opinion on them. The financial statements remain the representations of management.

The concept of materiality is inherent in the work of an independent auditor. An auditor places greater emphasis on those items that have, on a relative basis, more importance to the financial statements and greater possibilities of material error than with those items of lesser importance or those in which the possibility of material error is remote. For this purpose, materiality has been defined as "the magnitude of an omission or misstatement of accounting information that, in light of surrounding circumstances, makes it probable that the judgment of a reasonable person relying on the information would have been changed or influenced by the omission or misstatement."

An independent auditor's objective in an audit is to obtain sufficient competent evidential matter to provide a reasonable basis for forming an opinion on the financial statements. In doing so, the auditor must work within economic limits; the opinion, to be economically useful, must be formed within a reasonable length of time and at reasonable cost. That is why an auditor's work is based on selected tests rather than an attempt to verify all



City Council City of Swartz Creek September 1, 2005 Page 2

transactions. Since evidence is examined on a test basis only, an audit provides only reasonable assurance, rather than absolute assurance, that financial statements are free of material misstatement. Thus, there is a risk that audited financial statements may contain undiscovered material errors or fraud. The existence of that risk is implicit in the phrase in the audit report, "in our opinion."

Significant Accounting Policies

Auditing standards call for us to inform you regarding the initial selection of, and change in, significant accounting policies or their application. In addition, we are expected to inform you about the methods used to account for significant unusual transactions and the effect of significant accounting policies in controversial or emerging areas for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. There were no significant unusual transactions or controversial or significant emerging areas for which new accounting policies were needed.

Management Judgments and Accounting Estimates

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's current judgments. Auditing standards call for us to report to you on accounting estimates that are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements or because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ markedly from management's current judgments. Further, we are expected to report to you about the process used by management in formulating particularly sensitive accounting estimates and about the basis for our conclusions regarding the reasonableness of those estimates. The assumptions used in the actuarial valuation of the defined benefit pension plan, the useful lives of and deprecation expenses for capital assets, and the estimated historical cost for capital assets used in government activities are sensitive accounting estimates that affect the financial statements.

Audit Adjustments

Auditing standards call for us to report to you significant audit adjustments that, in our judgment, may not have been detected except through the auditing procedures we performed. There were no significant audit adjustments posted as a result of the audit.

Auditing standards also require us to inform the City Council about uncorrected possible financial statement adjustments identified by us during the current engagement and pertaining to the latest period presented, which were determined by management to be immaterial, both individually and in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole. A summary of the unrecorded possible financial statement adjustments is included as an attachment to this letter.

Other Information in Documents Containing Audited Financial Statements

When our audit report and the audited financial statements are included in a client document, we have a responsibility to read that document and consider whether anything therein is inconsistent with the information in the audited financial statements. It is our understanding that the audited financial statements are currently not expected to be included in any other document.



City Council City of Swartz Creek September 1, 2005 Page 3

Disagreements with Management

There were no disagreements with management over the application of accounting principles or the basis for management's judgments about accounting estimates. Additionally, there were no disagreements regarding the scope of the audit, disclosures to be included in the financial statements or the wording of the auditor's report.

Consultation with Other Accountants

To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Issues Discussed Prior to Retention of Independent Auditors

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the City's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Internal Controls

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of City of Swartz Creek for the year ended June 30, 2005, we considered its internal control in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control. However, we noted certain matters involving internal control and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal control that, in our judgment, could adversely affect City of Swartz Creek's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements.

A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses as defined above. However, we noted the following reportable condition that we have determined is not a material weakness:

Scheduling of Cash Receipting Duties - Water and Sewer Billings

The Water and Sewer Billings Clerk is responsible for sewer and water billings and maintenance of the accounts receivable balances for each City water and sewer customer. As part of her duties the Clerk has the authority to adjust individual customer receivable records without supervisory review and approval of the adjustments or credits. The same Clerk also works the front desk when other staff are unavailable or when customer volume is high. The clerk is therefore accepting cash and check payments from citizens



City Council City of Swartz Creek September 1, 2005 Page 4

that could include payments on water and sewer bills. This additional duty provides the Clerk with access to both the cash payments received and the records pertaining to that cash receipt (the accounts receivable subsidiary records).

This mixture of duties would provide the Clerk with the ability to misappropriate cash receipts on water and sewer bills and then manually adjust the receivable records so that the receivable is properly credited as if a cash payment was received. Neither the City nor the customer would know that the cash was misappropriated as all financial records would indicate that proper payment was made.

This comment was also issued during the 2004 audit. Ideally, we would recommend that the Water and Sewer Billings Clerk not be assigned duties that could result in her accepting payments for water and sewer bills. Other City staff should be utilized at all times to accept citizen's payments. We understand that City management is aware of the risk of the water and sewer clerk collecting customer payments and is only scheduling the water and sewer clerk when other staff is not available.

We wish to make it absolutely clear that we are not suggesting that the Water and Sewer Billings Clerk is making errors of any nature. During the course of our audit, we found the financial records to be both complete and accurate. What we are saying is that due to the lack of segregation of duties, there is an inherent limitation in the City's system of internal accounting control, and we are required to disclose this to you.

This information is intended solely for the use of the City Council and management of City of Swartz Creek and should not be used for any other purpose. We welcome any questions you may have regarding the foregoing comments and we would be happy to discuss any of these or other questions that you might have at your convenience.

Sincerely,

PLANTE & MORAN, PLLC

Peggy Jury

